	Amber/Intermediate Risk	Red/High Risk
Green/Normal Low Risk	Contact a health professional/GP	Contact 999
	111 or 999	
Breathing	Breathing	Breathing
Normal	• Fast breathing, short of breath	• Finding it difficult to breath
	 Unusually noisy or wheezy when breathing 	Very fast breathing
	Flaring or widening of nostrils	 Making unusual or grunting noises when breathing
		Unusual patterns of breathing
		Sucking in of chest or stomach
Colour	Colour	Colour
Normal colour of skin, lips	 Unusually pale colour of skin, lips and tongue for your child 	• Very pale, grey or blue skin, lips or tongue
and tongue	• Sunken eyes with dark circles	Rash, red or purple that does not fade
Activity	Activity	Activity
 Responds normally to interaction with parent 	• Not responding normally to family or carers	• Not responding to carers
and surroundings	• Not smiling	• Very difficult to wake up, drowsy less
• Smiles	Difficult to wake up or unusually	responsive
• Stays awake or wakes	sleepy	• Child is weak or floppy
quickly	 Not wanting to do very much 	• Child has a fit
• When cries it is		
strong/normal or not crying		• High-pitched or continuous cry in younger children
Eating and drinking	Eating and drinking	Eating and drinking
 Taking usual foods and 	 Not feeding very much 	Unable to keep feeds or fluids down
fluids	• Dry lips and mouth	• No wee or wet nappy for 12 hours or more
Normal skin and eyes	 Reduced weeing or fewer wet nappies than normal 	Very few wees or wet nappies
 Moist lips and gums 		
		Very thirsty
Temperature and body	Temperature and body	Temperature and body
Normal temperature	 Raised temperature for 5 days or more 	Babies under 3 months with any recorded
• 36.4-37.5 degrees	• Shivering or shaking	temperature of 38 degrees or above
	 Babies aged 3-6 months with any recorded temperature of 39 degrees or above 	• Stiff neck especially when trying to look up or down
	 Hands and feet are unusually cold to to touch 	• Hands and feet are mottled and very cold to touch
	• Temperature of below 36 degrees	Rulaing off and an basis is faster
	New lump greater than 2cm	 Bulging soft spot on head in infants

Worsening signs of a sick child

Green	Amber	Red
Normal/Low Risk	Intermediate Risk	High Risk
	Contact a health professional/GP 111 or 999	Contact 999

When checking your child use good light.

Consider their usual skin colour as darker skinned children do not always look pale.

As parents you know your child best;

Trust your own instincts

Useful websites

- www.nhs.uk
- www.sepsistrust.org
- www.meningitis.org

